

1.14 Digital Twin Creation and **Evaluation of Color-Dependent Object Detection** 

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#### **World Generation**

The environment's 3D model assets were created in Autodesk Revit [1] using blueprints from a high-density 3D laser scanner point cloud (Leica RTC360) [2].



#### **Motivation**

In Autonomes Valet Parking, a self-driving car operates autonomously in a controlled environment, testing the latest AI approaches. The Valeo AVP test site in Kronach uses static fisheye cameras for surveillance to enhance perception. To address potential failures and risks, our aim is to reinforce AVP with a simulation that identifies problematic scenarios and generates valuable insights.

Figure 1: 3D Environment generation in Autodesk Revit (© Valeo)

The road is generated using Mathworks Roadrunner software, and it can be exported to OpenDRIVE and .fbx file formats.



Figure 2: 3D Road generation in Mathworks Roadrunner (© Valeo)

VW Passat skeleton and Physical Asset for the Valeo test car were created using Blender [4].





# **Knowledge Extraction**

By simulation we can explore scenarios which lead to a failure of the AI system and identify the exact root cause of the failure. One scenario in which the AI system gives inaccurate or false results is related to different car colors. The same car model on the same spot is detected with different detection confidences.







Figure 3: Real-world Valeo testing car alongside a 3D car model generated in CARLA [5] (© Valeo)

## **Simulation Data Acquisition and Sensor Setup**

A fisheye camera emulating the specific properties of its real counterpart is mounted and aligned at the desired spot in CARLA.





Figure 4: 3D Simulated and real world fisheye camera view (© Valeo)



Figure 5: Car with blue and green color with Yolact detection [6] on simulated fisheye camera view (© Valeo)



Figure 6: The object confidence distribution of the detected car upon varying its color (RGB value) yields the extracted knowledge (© Valeo)

## **References:**

Vision (ICCV) (2019)

[1] https://www.autodesk.de/products/revit/overview (January 2024) [2] https://leica-geosystems.com/de-ch/products/laserscanners/scanners/leica-rtc360 [3] https://uk.mathworks.com/products/roadrunner.html (January 2024) [4] https://www.blender.org/ (January 2024)

[5] A. Dosovitskiy et al. CARLA: An Open Urban Driving Simulator. Proceedings of the 1st Annual Conference on Robot Learning, in Proceedings of Machine Learning Research (2017) [6] D. Bolya et al. YOLACT: Real-Time Instance Segmentation. Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF International Conference on Computer

#### **External partners** Partners **BOSCH** [at] ecc Valeo **BTC** *embedded systems* **Ontinental** AVL 00 Deutsches Forschungszentrum für Künstliche Intelligenz GmbH 🗾 Fraunhofer e:fs fortiss Capgemini engineering **FZI** UNIVERSITÄT DES SAARLANDES bast Bundesanstalt für Straßenwesen 🗾 Fraunhofer FOKUS

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